## 2012 JUN -7 AM 9: 07 CALENDAR YEAR 2011 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION REPORT TOWN OF TERRY PWS ID # 025002.5 MAY, 2012

In accordance to the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act, the 2011 Consumer Confidence Report was prepared and distributed to the customers of the above Water System as follows:

	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by:  Advertisement in local paper  On water bills  Other  Date customers were informed:
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR and proof of publication)  Name of Newspaper: Terry 10025  Date Published: 10112  Terry
E/	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) City HALL  Date posted: 6 5 12
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the address:  www.
<u>CERTIFICA</u>	ΠΟΝ:
I hereby certi customers of	fy that a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the this public water system in the form and manner identified above.
Rule . L.	T. Nicholson, Mayor 6-5-12
Name/Title (Preside	ent, Mayer, Owner, etc.) (Please type)  Date
Koderich J	· Nedal
	Signature
information	her Confidence Report (CCR) was completed by MS Cross Connection, LLC with provided by the above Public Water System and is certified only to be as true & information provided.
Signature Signature	n Boyetto

Mail completed form along with a copy of your CCR <u>BEFORE</u> July 1, 2012 to: MSDH ~ Division of Water Supply ~ P O Box 1700 ~ Jackson, MS 39215

2012 JUN -7 AM 9: 07

### Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Terry PWS ID #0250025 May, 2012

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of 2 wells that draw from the Forest Hill Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination.. The water supply for the Town of Terry received a low susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mary Smith at 601-875-5521. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at City Hall at 7:00 p.m.

The Town of Terry routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2011. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

		<u> </u>		TEST RE	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	ontamin	ants						C. L. Iling vyoetee:
10. Barium	N		0.02	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N		2.10	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N		0.1	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N		0.164	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N		3	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectan	to Pr Did	infaction	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$	oducts		<u> </u>		
Chlorine (as	N N	Jan-Dec	0.70	0.70 to 0.80	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
Cl2) 73. TTHM [Total tri-	N		16.57	None	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
halomethanes] HAA5	N		12.0	None	ppb	0	60	By-product pf drinking water chlorination

# \*\*\*\*\*A MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING\*\*\*\*\*

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to samp[le quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 -December 2007. Your public water supply completed the sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has not completed the monitoring requirements. The Bureau of Public Water Supply has taken action to ensure that your water system be returned to compliance by March 31, 2013. If you have any questions, please contact Melissa Parker, Deputy Director, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

#### Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Terry is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may which to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested..

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Please call our office if you have questions.

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit 1	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (	Contamir	iants		MCLINCE			<u> </u>	1
10. Barium	N		0.02	No Range	The T			
· 12 21				AO Aange	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes: discharge from metal refineries:
13. Chromium	N		2.10	No Range	Ppb	100		erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	l N		0.1			100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills: crosion of natural deposits
				None	ppny	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbin systems; erosion of natural deposits: leaching from wood
16. Fluoride	N		0.164	No Range	-			preservatives
				To Kange	ppm	4	*	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer an
7. Lead	N		3	None	pph			atuminum factories
Disinfectants	& Disir	ofection	Dir Drod			0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposi
mount (as . )	N	Jan-Dec	by-Frou				3 4 4 7 7 9 4	
(12) 3. TTHM		Juli-Dec	0.70	0.70 to 0.80	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control
Cotal tri- alomethanes!	N		16.57	None	ppb	0	80	microbes  By-product of drinking water
AA5	N I							chlorination
	N .	1, 1	12.0	None	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water



#### MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

TO:

**Public Water Supply Officials** 

FROM:

Karen Walters, Director

Compliance and Enforcement **Bureau of Public Water Supply** 

RE:

Sample Custody Seal and Packaging Requirements

DATE:

December 7, 2011

The Public Health Laboratory has revised its sample submission requirements. Custody seals and an address label are now required on all samples, including bacteriological and fluoride, that are submitted to the Laboratory.

Enclosed are instructions for collection of microbiology (bacteriological) samples. In summary, fill the sample bottle to the appropriate level and complete a sample form for each sample; attach a corresponding barcode label to the bottle and form for each bacteriological or fluoride sample; affix two completed custody seals to every box; cover the custody seals with clear shipping tape; affix an address label to every box.

Bacteriological/Fluoride sampling supplies available from the local county health department:

Boxes for 2 samples or 12 samples

Bottles

Custody seals

Form 425 for bacteriological testing

Form 428 for fluoride testing

Address labels

As always, water system barcodes are available from the Bureau of Public Water Supply. Contact us if you have run out of barcodes and need to submit samples.

Please note the placement of custody seals on the "2 bottle" box in the photo attached. The return address label may be placed on the bottom of the box. Do not cover the custody seals with the address label.

Each public water system is responsible for packaging and submitting samples according to these requirements. Operators should always make an entry in the logbook when delivering samples to the county office. Effective January 1, 2012, samples received without proper custody seals will be rejected. Do NOT rely on county health department staff to package samples.

Please share this information with your certified waterworks operator. Should you have any questions or need any assistance, please contact our office at 601-576-7518.